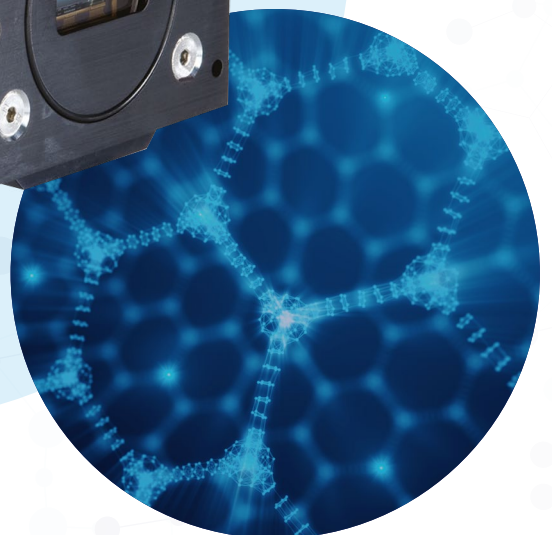
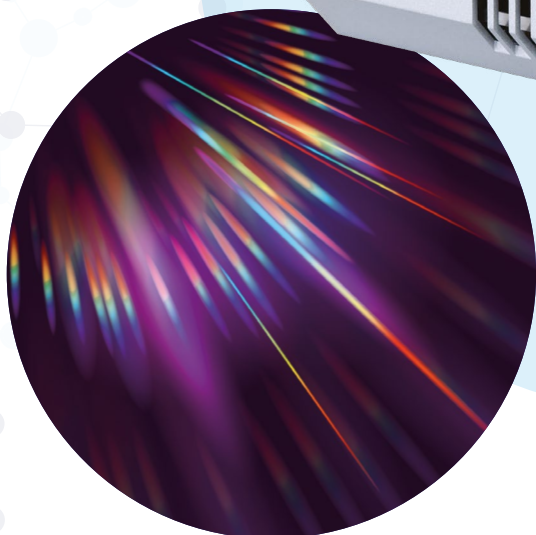
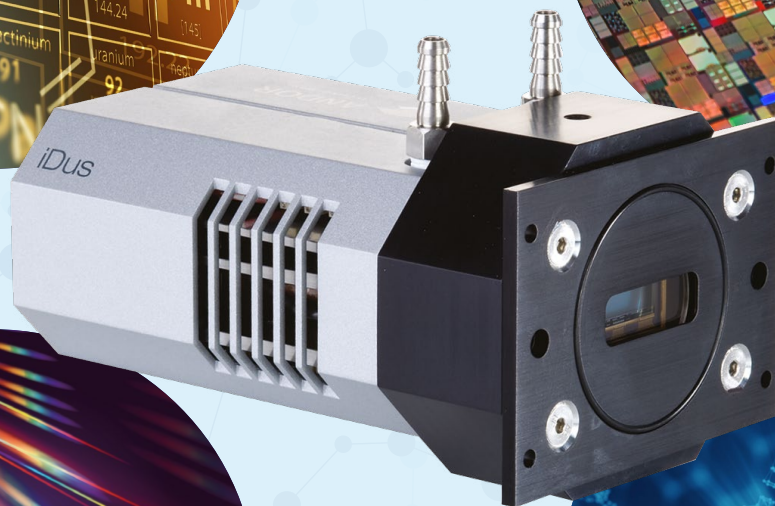
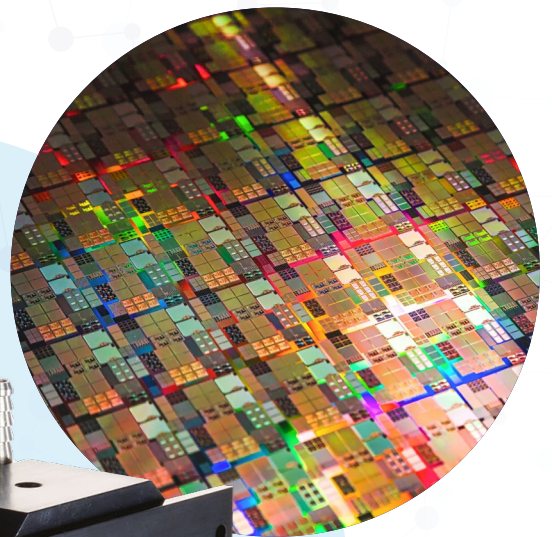


Andor iDus CCD Series

Workhorse laboratory and OEM CCD platform

Fluorescence | Luminescence | Photoluminescence
Raman | Micro-spectroscopy | Non-linear spectroscopy



Introducing the iDus CCD series

The iDus CCD series offers compact, yet feature-rich platform suitable for demanding spectroscopy applications such as low-light UV/NIR Photoluminescence or Raman spectroscopy, as well as day-to-day routine laboratory operation and integration into industry-grade systems.

401

High dynamic range UV-NIR acquisitions, entry-level price-performance platform with 128 pixels height to accommodate optical setups based on single fibre or smaller spot size coupling to spectrographs.



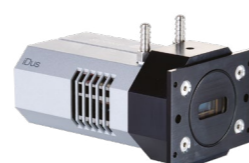
416

Highest NIR sensitivity platform based on Low Dark Current Deep-Depletion technology, with 16 µm pixel and wider sensor to capture large spectral bandpass at high-resolution simultaneously.



420

High dynamic range UV-NIR acquisitions, 256 pixels height to accommodate optical setups based on extended multi-track fibre assemblies or larger spot size coupling to spectrographs.



TE cooling removing inconvenient LN₂ cooling

Ultravac™ technology, longer-lasting detection performance

Low dark current deep-depletion technology option, highest NIR sensitivity

USB2.0 interface, plug-and-play convenience

Ideal for laboratory setups and OEM instruments integration

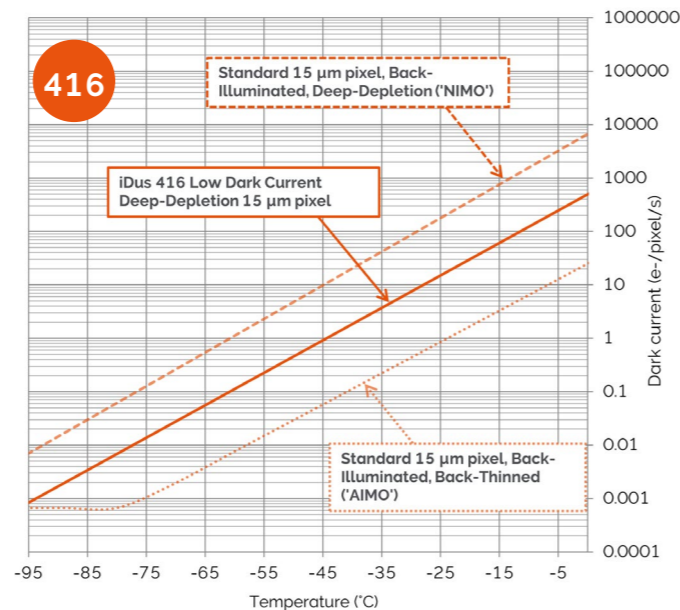
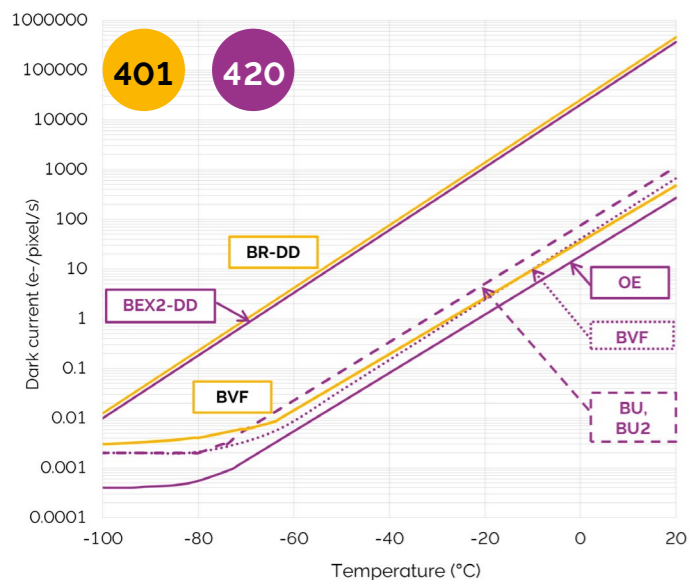
Andor iDus CCD series common features

| | |
|---|---|
| Peak QE up to 95% | Best detection capabilities in the VIS and NIR spectral regions |
| TE cooling | Critical for elimination of dark current detection limit - no inconvenience associated with LN ₂ . Down to -100°C (401 and 420) and -95°C (416) |
| Ultravac™ •1 | Critical for sustained vacuum integrity and to maintain unequalled cooling and QE performance, year after year |
| USB 2.0 connection | Ideal for laptop operation and seamless operation alongside USB-based Shamrock spectrograph family |
| Compact and rugged platform | Ideal for OEM integration & laboratory setups |
| Software-selectable pre-amplifier gain | Choice of best SNR performance or dynamic range at the touch of a button |
| Solis software for Spectroscopy | Comprehensive, user-friendly interface for simultaneous detector & spectrograph control |
| Software Development Kit (SDK) | Ease of control integration into complex setups: MATLAB, LabVIEW, Visual Basic or C/C++ |
| Integrated in EPICS | Platform is fully integrated into the EPICS control software |
| 401 | |
| Peak QE up to 95% | Visible-optimised 'BVF' & infrared-optimised 'BR-DD' model |
| Fringe suppression technology as standard | Effectively minimises signal modulation due to optical fringing in back-illuminated sensors |
| 26 x 26 µm pixels | Optimised format for high dynamic range and resolution |
| 416 | |
| Peak QE up to 95% | Best detection capability in the NIR |
| Low dark current | 10x better than back-illuminated deep-depletion NIMO sensors, best SNR in the NIR |
| 15 µm pixels | Ideal for high resolution spectroscopy |
| Fringe suppression technology as standard | Effectively minimises signal modulation due to optical fringing in back-illuminated sensors |
| 30 mm wide sensor | Superior simultaneous band-pass capture |
| 420 | |
| Peak QE up to 95% | Visible-optimised 'BV', broadband UV-NIR 'BEX2-DD' model |
| 26 x 26 µm pixels | Optimised pixel format for high dynamic range and resolution |
| Fringe suppression technology | Effectively minimises signal modulation due to optical fringing in back-illuminated sensors (BVF, BEX2-DD models). Open-Electrode (OE) option is not subjected to optical fringing. |

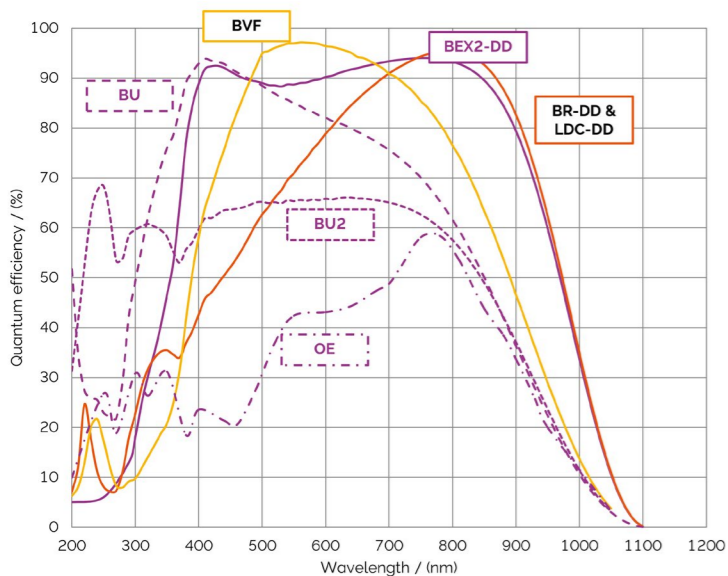
Specifications^{•2}

| | DU401A | | | | DU401A BR-DD | | DU416A-LDC-DD | | DU420A | | | | DU420A BEX2-DD | |
|--|---|--------------------|------------------|--------------------|--|--------------------|---|--------------------|--|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---|--|
| Sensor options | BVF: Back Illuminated CCD, Vis-optimised and anti-fringing | | | | BR-DD: Back Illuminated CCD, Deep Depletion with anti-fringing, optimum sensor for Near IR applications | | LDC-DD: Back-Illuminated CCD, Deep-Depletion with anti-fringing, low dark current | | BU: Back Illuminated CCD, UV-Enhanced, 350 nm optimised BU2: Back Illuminated CCD, UV-Enhanced, 250 nm optimised BVF: Back Illuminated CCD, VIS optimised with anti-fringing OE: Open Electrode CCD | | | | BEX2-DD: Back Illuminated, Deep Depletion CCD with anti-fringing, extended range dual AR coating | |
| Active pixels | 1024 x 127 | | | | | | 2000 x 256 | | 1024 x 256 | | | | 1024 x 255 | |
| Pixel size | 26 x 26 µm | | | | | | 15 x 15 µm | | 26 x 26 µm | | | | | |
| Image area | 26.6 x 3.3 mm with 100% fill factor | | | | | | 30 x 3.8 mm with 100% fill factor | | 26.6 x 6.6 mm with 100% fill factor | | | | | |
| Minimum temperatures* ⁴ Air cooled Coolant recirculator Coolant chiller, coolant @ 10°C, 0.75L/min | -80°C -95°C -100°C | | | | | | -80°C -90°C -95°C | | -80°C -95°C -100°C | | | | | |
| Max spectra per second | 88 (10 row crop mode), 81 (Full Vertical Bin) | | | | | | 30 (Full Vertical Binning) | | 88 (10 rows crop mode), 75 (Full Vertical Bin), 65 (Open Electrode, Full Vertical Bin) | | | | | |
| System window type | BVF sensor: UV-grade fused silica, 'Broadband VUV-NIR', unwedged | | | | BR-DD sensor: UV-grade fused silica, 'VIS-NIR enhanced', wedged (Various AR coatings & MgF ₂ options available) | | Fused silica window, 'VIS-NIR Enhanced', wedged (AR coated on both sides, optimised at 900 nm) Other broadband UV-NIR options available on request. | | BU, BU2, BVF, OE sensors: UV-grade fused silica, 'Broadband VUV-NIR', unwedged | | | | BEX2-DD sensor: UV-grade fused silica, 'Broadband VUV-NIR', wedged (Various AR coatings & MgF ₂ options available) | |
| Blemish specifications | Grade 1 sensor from supplier. Camera blemishes as defined by Andor Grade A See technical article: CCD blemishes and non uniformities black pixels and hot pixels on a ccd sensor | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Dark current, e ⁻ /pixel/sec @ max cooling | BVF 0.003 | | | | BR-DD 0.013 | | LDC-DD 0.0006 | | OE 0.002 | | BU / BU2 / BVF 0.002 | | BEX2-DD 0.008 | |
| Register well depth | 1,000,000 e ⁻ | | | | | | 300,000 e ⁻ | | 1,000,000 e ⁻ | | | | | |
| Read noise (e ⁻) ⁶ Typ (Max) | BVF | | | | BR-DD | | LDC-DD | | OE | | BU, BU2, BVF | | BEX2-DD | |
| | 33 kHz | 7 (8) | | 5 (6) | | 4 | | 4 (6) | | 6 (8) | | 4 (6) | | |
| | 50 kHz | 10 (12) | | 6 (8) | | 4.5 | | 4 (6) | | 7 (9) | | 5 (7) | | |
| | 100 kHz | 12 (15) | | 10 (15) | | 5 | | 9 (11) | | 10 (12) | | 10 (13) | | |
| Sensitivity (e ⁻ /count) | BVF | | | | BR-DD | | LDC-DD | | OE | | BU, BU2, BVF | | BEX2-DD | |
| | | High Dynamic Range | High Sensitivity | High Dynamic Range | High Sensitivity | High Dynamic Range | High Sensitivity | High Dynamic Range | High Sensitivity | High Dynamic Range | High Sensitivity | High Dynamic Range | High Sensitivity | |
| | 33 kHz | 2.5 | - | 2.5 | - | 0.7 | - | 2.5 | - | 2.5 | - | 2.5 | - | |
| | 50 kHz | 3.5 | 2.5 | 4.5 | 2.7 | 1.5 | 0.85 | 3.5 | 2.5 | 3.5 | 2.5 | 4.0 | 2.5 | |
| | 100 kHz | 16 | 11 | 18.2 | 12 | 5.0 | 3.4 | 15 | 9 | 15 | 9 | 17 | 11 | |
| Vertical clock speed* ⁸ | 8, 16, 32, 64 µs (software selectable) | | | | | | 32 and 64 µs (software selectable) | | 8, 16, 32, 64 µs (software selectable) | | | | | |

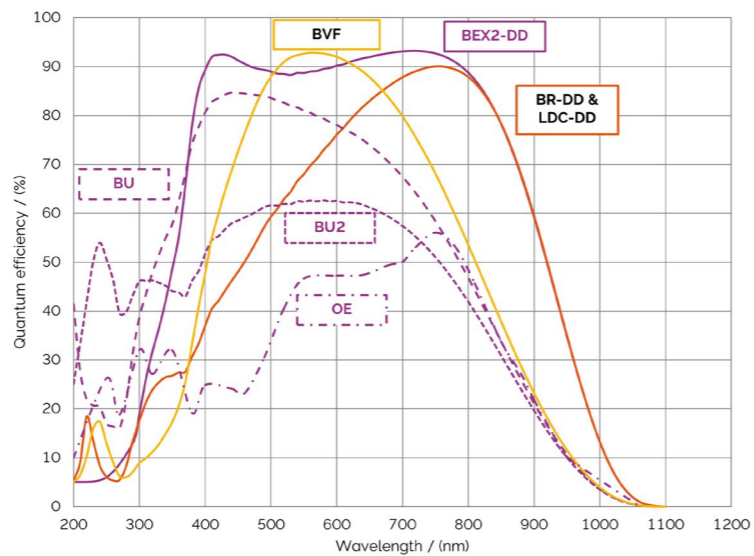
Dark Current⁹



Quantum Efficiency Curves¹⁰ 25°C



-100°C



iDus applications guide

| Applications guide | BR-DD | LDC-DD | BU / BU2 | BVF | BEX2-DD | OE |
|---------------------------------------|-------|--------|----------|-----|---------|----|
| Absorption/transmittance/reflection | ○ | ○ | ○ | ● | ○ | ○ |
| Fluorescence & luminescence | ○ | ○ | ○ | ● | ○ | ○ |
| NIR spectroscopy | ○ | ● | | | | |
| Raman spectroscopy (244 – 488 nm) | | | ● | ○ | | ○ |
| Raman spectroscopy (514, 531, 633 nm) | | | ○ | ● | ○ | ○ |
| Raman spectroscopy (785, 830 nm) | ○ | ● | | | ○ | ○ |
| UV-VIS-NIR broadband spectroscopy | | | | | ● | ○ |

● - Optimum ○ - Suitable

Our cameras for spectroscopy

See our full range for alternative cameras that could fit your application requirements.



High sensitivity & dynamic range

- Long exposure
- High sensitivity UV-SWIR
- Large pixel well depths

iDus CCD & InGaAs, Newton CCD & EM

kHz spectral rates

- µs to ms time-resolution
- High sensitivity down to single photon
- High resolution matrix

Newton CCD & EMCCD, iXon EMCCD, ZL41 Wave or Marana sCMOS

ns to µs time-resolution

- Nanosecond gating
- High sensitivity down to single photon
- On-head DDG with ps accuracy

iStar CCD & sCMOS

Extended multi-fibre spectroscopy

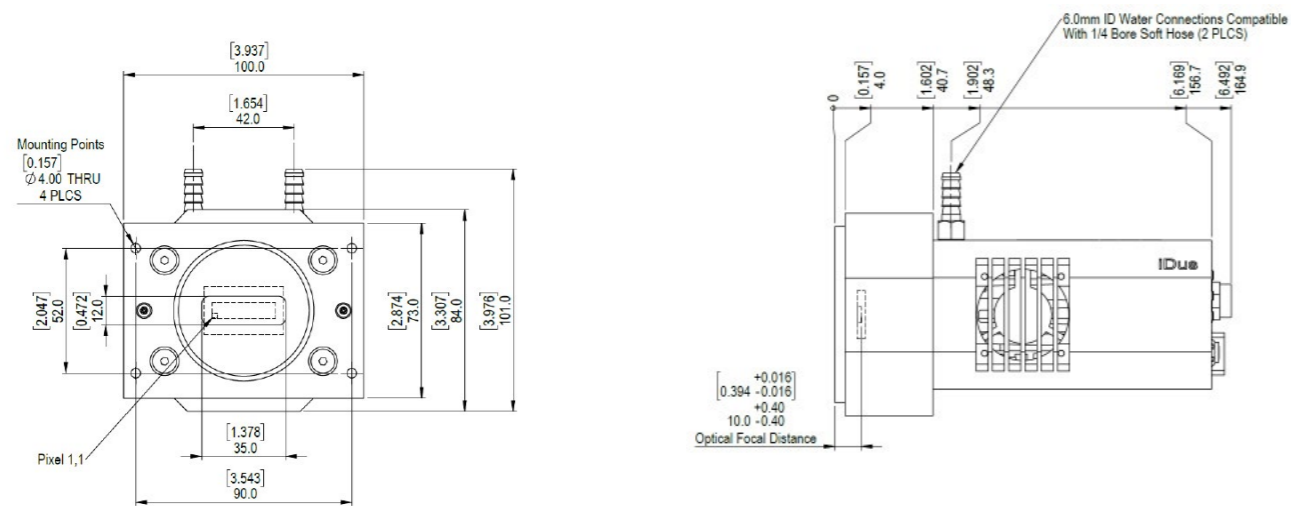
- Large area sensors
- Ultrafast sCMOS and EMCCD options
- High sensitivity down to single photon

iKon-M CCD, iXon EMCCD, ZL41 Wave, Marana sCMOS or iStar CCD & sCMOS

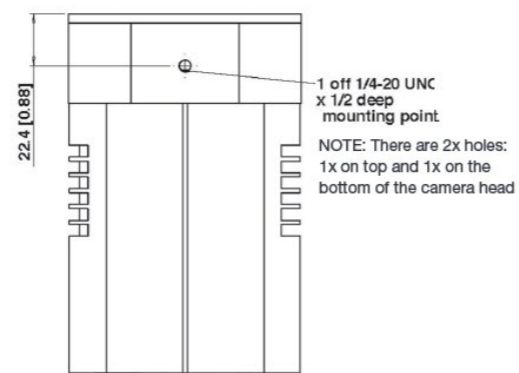
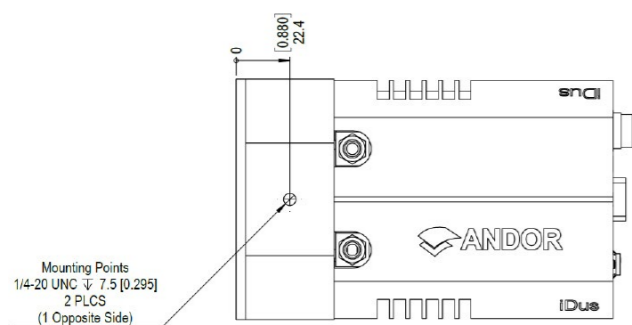
Learn more about our detector range [here](#) and our spectrograph solutions [here](#).



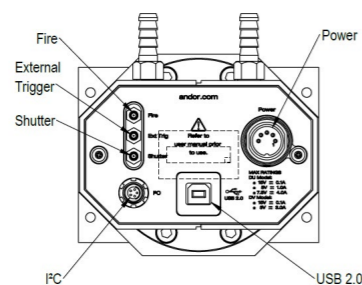
Product drawings 401 and 420 models



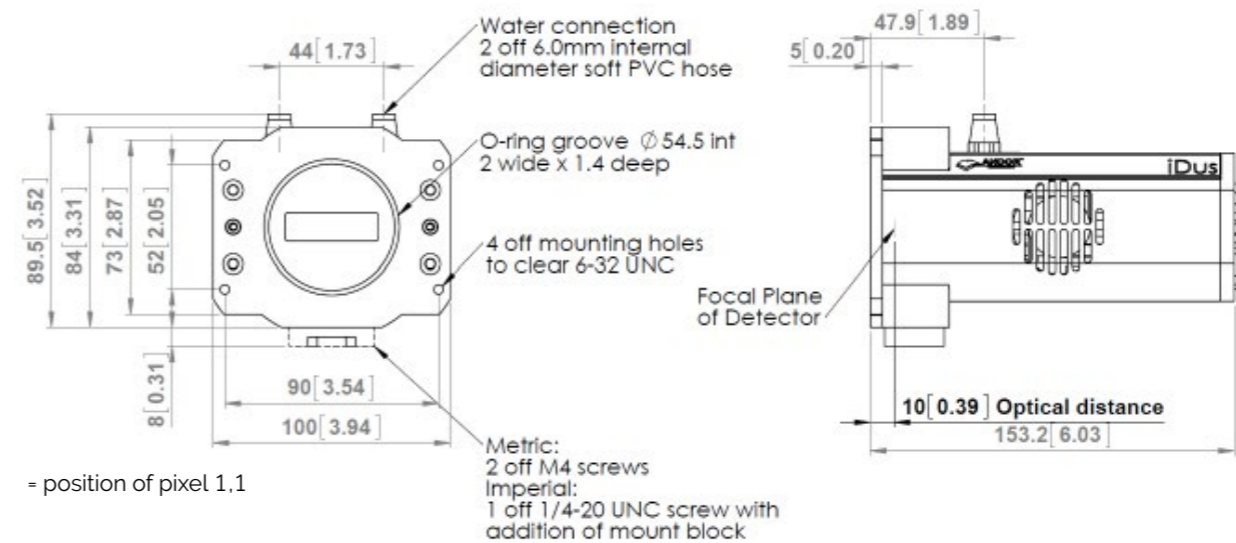
Mounting hole locations



Rear connector panel

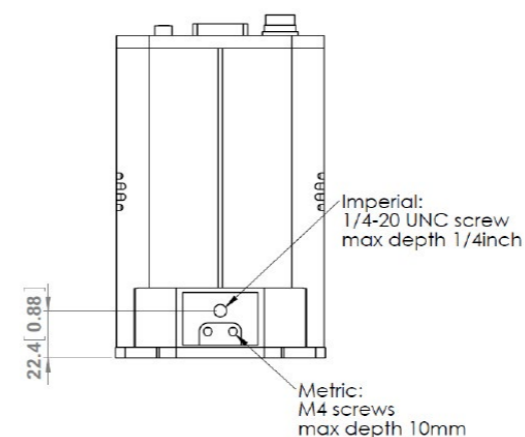


Product drawings 416 model

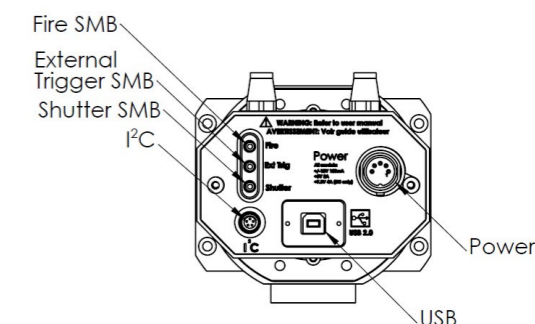


= position of pixel 1,1

Mounting hole locations



Rear connector panel



Items shipped with your camera:

- 1x 2 m BNC - SMB connection cable
- 1x 3 m USB 2.0 cable Type A to Type B
- 1x Set of hex keys (7/64" & 3/32")
- 1x Power supply with mains cable
- 1x Electronic copy of user guides
- 1x Individual system performance booklet
- 1x Electronic copy of Solis software or SDK (if ordered)

Recommended computer requirements:

- 3.0 GHz single core or 2.4 GHz multi core processor
- 2 GB RAM
- 100 MB free hard disc to install software (at least 1 GB recommended for data spooling)
- USB 2.0 High Speed Host Controller capable of sustained rate of 40 MB/s
- Windows (8.1, 10 and 11) or Linux

Operating and storage conditions

- Operating Temperature: 0°C to 30°C ambient
- Relative Humidity: < 70% (non-condensing)
- Storage Temperature: -25°C to 50°C

Power requirements

- 100 - 240 VAC, 50 - 60 Hz
- Power consumption: 42 W (max)

Regulatory Compliance

Compliant with the requirements of the EU EMC and LVD Directives, compliant with the international EMC and safety standards IEC 61326-1 and IEC 61010-1.

Creating the optimum product for you

Step 1. Select the camera type



Camera type

| | | |
|------------|---|-----------------------|
| 401 | Description all models with deep cooling: (air cooled: -80°C, coolant recirculator: -95°C, coolant chiller, coolant @ 10°C, 0.75 l/min: : -100°C) | Order code |
| | Back-illuminated CCD, Vis-optimised with anti-fringing. | DU401A-BVF |
| | Back-illuminated CCD, Deep Depletion CCD with anti-fringing. | DU401A-BR-DD |
| 416 | Description deep cooling: (Air cooled: -80°C, Coolant recirculator: -90°C, Coolant chiller, coolant @ 10°C, 0.75 l/min: : -95°C) | Order code |
| | Back-illuminated Deep Depletion CCD with fringe suppression, Low Dark Current, Deep Depletion technology (LDC-DD). | DU416A-LDC-DD |
| 420 | Description all models with deep cooling: (air cooled: -80°C, coolant recirculator: -80°C, coolant chiller, coolant @ 10°C, 0.75 l/min: : -100°C) | Order code |
| | Back-illuminated, Deep Depletion CCD with fringe suppression and extended range dual AR coating. | DU420A-BEX2-DD |
| | Back-illuminated CCD, Blue optimised AR coating for spectroscopy. | DU420A-BU |
| | Back-illuminated CCD, enhanced silicon, AR coated for optimised performance in the 250 nm region. | DU420A-BU2 |
| | Back-illuminated CCD, Vis-optimised & anti-fringing. | DU420A-BVF |
| | Open electrode CCD. | DU420A-OE |

Step 2. Select an alternative camera window

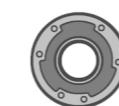


Camera window

The standard window has been selected to satisfy most applications. However, other options are available and the alternative camera window code must be specified at time of ordering.

To view and select other window options please refer to the [Camera Windows Selector Tool](#). Further detailed information on windows can be found in the technical note – [How to Select a Window for your Camera](#).

Step 3. Select the required accessories



Accessories

| Accessories description | Order code |
|--|--|
| Coolant re-circulator for enhanced cooling performance | XC-RECR-AL |
| Ultra Compact Chiller Unit, Thermo-Electric based cooling technology | XC-CHILLER-AL |
| Chiller and recirculator hose kit, 100 cm clear hose with fitted valved male/female connectors (chiller or recirculator side), spare male/female un-valved connectors (for hose extension ACC-6MM-**** black hose options) | XC-COOL-HOSE_BARB-06 <i>(iDus 401 and 420 models only)</i> |
| Chiller and recirculator hose kit, 100 cm clear hose with fitted inserts (camera side) and valved male/female connectors (chiller/recirculatory side), spare male/female un-valved connectors (for hose extension ACC-6MM-**** black hose) | XC-COOL-HOSE_PLUG-06 <i>(iDus 416 models only)</i> |
| 2.5 and 5 m black hose options to chiller/recirculator | ACC-6MM-TUBING-2X2.5 / ACC-6MM-TUBING-2X5M |
| 700 mL Propylene Glycol with corrosion and biological inhibitors | XC-COOLANT_702-070L |
| C-mount lens adaptor | ACC-LM-C |
| F-mount lens adaptor | ACC-LM-NIKON-F |
| Nikon F-mount lens adaptor with shutter | LMS-NIKON-F-NS25B |
| Shutter Driver for NS25B Bistable Shutter (not needed for Kymera/Shamrock spectrographs) | ACC-SD-VED24 |
| Bistable Shutter, Standalone (not needed for Kymera/Shamrock spectrographs) | ACC-SHT-NS25B |

Spectrograph Compatibility

The iDus series is fully compatible with Andor's Kymera and Shamrock spectrographs (193 - 750 mm focal lengths). Spectrograph mounting flanges and software control are available for a wide variety of third party spectrographs including McPherson (including 1 m and greater focal length option), JY/Horiba (excluding USB models), PI/Acton, Chromex/Bruker, Oriel/Newport, Photon Design, Dongwoo, Bentham, Solar TII and others.

Step 4. Software



Software

The iDus requires at least one of the following software options:

Solis for Spectroscopy A 64-bit enabled application for Windows (10 and 11) offering rich functionality for data acquisition and processing. AndorBasic provides macro language control of data acquisition, processing, display and export. Control of Andor Kymera and Shamrock spectrographs and a very wide range of third party spectrographs is also available, see list in step 3 above.

Andor SDK A software development kit that allows you to control the Andor range of cameras and spectrographs from your own application. Available as a 64-bit library for Windows (10 and 11) and Linux. Compatible with C/C++, C#, Delphi, VB.NET, LabVIEW, MATLAB and Python.

Footnotes

- Assembled in a state-of-the-art facility, Andor's UltraVac™ vacuum process combines a permanent hermetic vacuum seal (no o-rings), with a stringent protocol and proprietary materials to minimise outgassing. Outgassing is the release of trapped gases that would otherwise degrade cooling performance and potentially cause sensor failure.
- Figures are typical unless otherwise stated.
- Edge pixels may exhibit a partial response.
- Minimum temperatures listed are typical values with ambient temperature of 25°C.
- Based on a Horizontal Pixel Readout of 100 kHz and a vertical pixel shift of 8 μs. Due to the nature of the Open Electrode sensor, the minimum Vertical Shift Speed (VSS) available is 32 μs, which will produce a lower maximum spectral rate compared to other models in the series.
- Readout Noise is for the entire system. It is a combination of CCD readout noise and A/D noise. Measurement is for Single Pixel readout with the CCD at a temperature of -50°C (BEX2-DD models tested at -80°C) and minimum exposure time under dark conditions. Noise is measured at the highest available pre-amplifier gain for each speed.
- Linearity is measured from a plot of counts vs exposure time under constant photon flux up to the saturation point of the system.
- Vertical speeds are software selectable. All sensors are designed to give optimum Charge Transfer Efficiency (CTE) at 16 μs vertical pixel shift (32 μs for Open Electrode model), some decrease in CTE may be observed at faster shift speeds. Subjected to change without notice, as regular cameras performance improvements might affect the exact values reported.
- The graph shows typical dark current level as a function of temperature. The dark current measurement is averaged over the CCD area excluding any regions of blemishes.
- Quantum efficiency of the sensor as supplied by the sensor manufacturer.

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