iDus 420 Series
Workhorse laboratory and OEM CCD platform

Key Specifications
✓ Peak QE up to 95%
✓ TE cooling down to -100°C
✓ Ultravac™ technology
✓ 26 x 26 µm pixels
✓ Low NIR etaloning options
✓ USB 2.0 connection
✓ Fringe suppression technology

Key Applications
✓ Raman
✓ Fluorescence
✓ Luminescence
✓ Photoluminescence
✓ Absorption/Transmission/Reflection
✓ Micro-spectroscopy
✓ Non-linear spectroscopy (SFG/SHG)

andor.oxinst.com
Introducing iDus 420 Series

The USB2.0-based iDus series is a compact, yet feature-rich platform suitable for demanding spectroscopy applications such as low-light UV/NIR Photoluminescence or Raman spectroscopy, as well as day-to-day routine laboratory operation and integration into industry-grade systems.

Features and Benefits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>Benefit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Peak QE up to 95%</td>
<td>Visible-optimized ‘BV’, infrared-optimized ‘BR-DD’ and broadband UV-NIR ‘BEX2-DD’ model</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fringe suppression technology (BR-DD models)</td>
<td>Fringing greatly reduced on Deep-Depletion option</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extended range dual-AR option</td>
<td>Superior UV-NIR broadband QE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TE cooling down to -100°C</td>
<td>Critical for elimination of dark current detection limit - no inconvenience associated with LN₂</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ultravac™</td>
<td>Critical for sustained vacuum integrity and to maintain unequalled cooling and QE performance, year after year</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single UV-grade fused silica window</td>
<td>Best UV-NIR throughput performance, specific AR coating and wedge options available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USB 2.0 connection</td>
<td>Ideal for laptop operation Seamless operation alongside USB-based Shamrock spectograph family</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26 x 26 µm pixels</td>
<td>Optimized pixel format for high dynamic range and resolution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Software-selectable pre-amplifier gain</td>
<td>Choice of best SNR performance or dynamic range at the touch of a button</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compact and rugged platform</td>
<td>Ideal for OEM integration &amp; laboratory setups</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solis software for Spectroscopy</td>
<td>Comprehensive, user-friendly interface for simultaneous detector &amp; spectrograph control</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Software Development Kit (SDK)</td>
<td>Ease of control integration into complex setups: Matlab, Labview, Visual Basic or C/C++</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Integrated in EPICS</td>
<td>Platform is fully integrated into the EPICS control software</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Applications Guide

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Absorption/Transmittance/Reflection</th>
<th>BU / BU2 models</th>
<th>BVF models</th>
<th>BR-DD models</th>
<th>BEX2-DD models</th>
<th>OE models</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fluorescence &amp; Luminescence</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NIR Spectroscopy</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raman Spectroscopy (244 – 488 nm)</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raman Spectroscopy (514, 531, 633 nm)</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raman Spectroscopy (785, 830 nm)</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UV-VIS-NIR Broadband Spectroscopy</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
<td>○</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

○ - Suitable ● - Optimum
### Key Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model number</th>
<th>DV420A</th>
<th>DU420A</th>
<th>DU420A Bx-DD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sensor options</td>
<td>• BU: Back Illuminated CCD, UV-Enhanced, 350 nm optimized&lt;br&gt;• BU2: Back Illuminated CCD, UV-Enhanced, 250 nm optimized&lt;br&gt;• BVF: Back Illuminated CCD, VIS optimized with anti-fringing&lt;br&gt;• OE: Open Electrode CCD</td>
<td>• BU: Back Illuminated CCD, UV-Enhanced, 350 nm optimized&lt;br&gt;• BU2: Back Illuminated CCD, UV-Enhanced, 250 nm optimized&lt;br&gt;• BVF: Back Illuminated CCD, VIS optimized with anti-fringing&lt;br&gt;• OE: Open Electrode CCD</td>
<td>• BR-DD: Back Illuminated, Deep Depletion CCD with anti-fringing&lt;br&gt;• BEX2-DD: Back Illuminated, Deep Depletion CCD with anti-fringing, extended range dual AR coating</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Active pixels</td>
<td>1024 x 255</td>
<td>1024 x 256</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pixel size</td>
<td>26 x 26 μm</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Image area</td>
<td>26.6 x 6.6 mm with 100% fill factor</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum temperatures</td>
<td>Air cooled&lt;br&gt;Coolant recirculator&lt;br&gt;Coolant chiller, coolant @ 10 °C, 0.75 l/min</td>
<td>Air cooled&lt;br&gt;Coolant recirculator&lt;br&gt;Coolant chiller, coolant @ 10 °C, 0.75 l/min</td>
<td>Air cooled&lt;br&gt;Coolant recirculator&lt;br&gt;Coolant chiller, coolant @ 10 °C, 0.75 l/min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coolant recirculator</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air cooled</td>
<td>-55°C&lt;br&gt;-65°C&lt;br&gt;-70°C</td>
<td>-80°C&lt;br&gt;-95°C&lt;br&gt;-100°C</td>
<td>-80°C&lt;br&gt;-80°C&lt;br&gt;-95°C&lt;br&gt;-100°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coolant chiller, coolant @ 10 °C, 0.75 l/min</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max spectra per second</td>
<td>88 (10 rows crop mode). 75 (Full Vertical Bin). 65 (Open Electrode, Full Vertical Bin)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blemish specifications</td>
<td>Grade 1 sensor from supplier. Camera blemishes as defined by Andor Grade A&lt;br&gt;See technical article: <a href="#">CCD blemishes and non uniformities black pixels and hot pixels on a ccd sensor</a></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Advanced Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dark current, e-/pixel/sec @ max cooling</th>
<th>OE&lt;br&gt;BU / BU2&lt;br&gt;BVF&lt;br&gt;Bx-DD</th>
<th>OE&lt;br&gt;BU / BU2&lt;br&gt;BVF&lt;br&gt;Bx-DD</th>
<th>OE&lt;br&gt;BU / BU2&lt;br&gt;BVF&lt;br&gt;Bx-DD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.0014&lt;br&gt;0.05&lt;br&gt;0.03</td>
<td>0.0004&lt;br&gt;0.002&lt;br&gt;0.002</td>
<td>-&lt;br&gt;-&lt;br&gt;-</td>
<td>-&lt;br&gt;-&lt;br&gt;-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Register well depth</td>
<td>1,000,000 e-&lt;br&gt;</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.008&lt;br&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Read noise (e-)</td>
<td>33 kHz&lt;br&gt;50 kHz&lt;br&gt;100 kHz&lt;br&gt;</td>
<td>33 kHz&lt;br&gt;50 kHz&lt;br&gt;100 kHz&lt;br&gt;</td>
<td>33 kHz&lt;br&gt;50 kHz&lt;br&gt;100 kHz&lt;br&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OE Typ (Max)</td>
<td>4 (6)&lt;br&gt;4 (6)&lt;br&gt;9 (11)</td>
<td>4 (6)&lt;br&gt;4 (6)&lt;br&gt;9 (11)</td>
<td>-&lt;br&gt;-&lt;br&gt;-&lt;br&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BU, BU2, BVF, Typ (Max)</td>
<td>6 (8)&lt;br&gt;7 (9)&lt;br&gt;10 (12)</td>
<td>6 (8)&lt;br&gt;7 (9)&lt;br&gt;10 (12)</td>
<td>4 (6)&lt;br&gt;5 (7)&lt;br&gt;10 (13)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BEX2-DD, BR-DD, Typ (Max)</td>
<td>-&lt;br&gt;-&lt;br&gt;-&lt;br&gt;-</td>
<td>-&lt;br&gt;-&lt;br&gt;-&lt;br&gt;-</td>
<td>-&lt;br&gt;-&lt;br&gt;-&lt;br&gt;-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensitivity (e-/count)</td>
<td>33kHz&lt;br&gt;50 kHz&lt;br&gt;100 kHz&lt;br&gt;</td>
<td>33kHz&lt;br&gt;50 kHz&lt;br&gt;100 kHz&lt;br&gt;</td>
<td>33kHz&lt;br&gt;50 kHz&lt;br&gt;100 kHz&lt;br&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High Dynamic Range mode</td>
<td>2&lt;br&gt;3.5&lt;br&gt;15&lt;br&gt;</td>
<td>2&lt;br&gt;3.5&lt;br&gt;15&lt;br&gt;</td>
<td>2.5&lt;br&gt;4.0&lt;br&gt;17&lt;br&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High Sensitivity mode</td>
<td>-&lt;br&gt;2.5&lt;br&gt;9&lt;br&gt;</td>
<td>-&lt;br&gt;2.5&lt;br&gt;9&lt;br&gt;</td>
<td>-&lt;br&gt;2.5&lt;br&gt;11&lt;br&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Linearity</td>
<td>Better than 99%&lt;br&gt;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Digitization</td>
<td>16 bit&lt;br&gt;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vertical clock speed</td>
<td>8, 16, 32, 64 μs (software selectable)&lt;br&gt;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Dark Current •9

Quantum Efficiency Curves •10

Typical Setup

Quantum Efficiency Curves •10

Power Supply

iDus CCD Complementary Detector (e.g. iDus InGaAs)

USB 2.0

Spectrograph

Software

BVF

BR-DD & BEX2-DD

BEX2-DD

BU, BU2 & UVB

BU

OE

0

10

20

30

40

50

60

70

80

90

100

200 300 400 500 600 700 800 900 1000 1100 1200

Wavelength (nm)

Quantum efficiency (%)
Creating the Optimum Product for you

**Step 1. Choose the cooling option**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Standard cooling: (Air cooled: -55°C, Coolant recirculator: -65°C, Coolant chiller, coolant @ 10°C, 0.75 l/min: -70°C) (not a valid option with the Bx-DD model)</td>
<td>DV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deep cooling: (Air cooled: -80°C, Coolant recirculator: -95°C, Coolant chiller, coolant @ 10°C, 0.75 l/min: -100°C)</td>
<td>DU</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Step 2. Choose the sensor type option**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Back Illuminated, Deep Depletion CCD with fringe suppression and extended range dual AR coating</td>
<td>BEX2-DD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Back Illuminated, Deep Depletion CCD with anti-fringing</td>
<td>BR-DD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Back Illuminated CCD, Blue optimized AR coating for Spectroscopy</td>
<td>BU</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Back Illuminated CCD, AR cooled for optimized performance in the 250 nm region</td>
<td>BU2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Back Illuminated CCD, Vis-optimized &amp; anti-fringing</td>
<td>BVF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Open Electrode CCD</td>
<td>OE</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Step 3. Select an alternative camera window**

The standard window has been selected to satisfy most applications. However, other options are available. The alternative camera window code must be specified at time of ordering.

To view and select other window options please refer to the "Camera Windows Supplementary Specification Sheet" which gives the transmission characteristics, product codes and procedure for entering the order. Further detailed information on the windows can be found in the Technical note – 'Camera Windows: Optimizing for Different Spectral Regions'.

**Step 3. Select the required accessories and adapters**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Order Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Coolant re-circulator for enhanced cooling performance</td>
<td>XW-RECR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oasis 160 Ultra Compact Chiller Unit (tubing to be ordered separately)</td>
<td>ACC-XW-CHIL-160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 mm tubing options for ACC-XW-CHIL-160 (2x2.5 m or 2x5 m lengths)</td>
<td>ACC-6MM-TUBING-2X2.5/ACC-6MM-TUBING-2X5M</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C-mount lens adaptor</td>
<td>ACC-LM-C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F-mount lens adaptor</td>
<td>ACC-LM-NIKON-F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nikon F-mount lens adaptor with shutter</td>
<td>LMS-NIKON-F-NS25B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shutter Driver for NS25B Bistable Shutter (not needed for Kymera/Shamrock spectrographs)</td>
<td>ACC-SD-VED24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bistable Shutter, Standalone (not needed for Kymera/Shamrock spectrographs)</td>
<td>ACC-SHT-NS25B</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Spectrograph Compatibility**

The iDus series is fully compatible with Andor’s Kymera and Shamrock spectrographs (163 - 750 nm focal lengths). Spectrograph mounting flanges and software control are available for a wide variety of 3rd party spectrographs including McPherson (including 1 m and greater focal length option), JY/Horiba (excluding USB models), PI/Acton, Chromex/Bruker, Oriel/Newport, Photon Design, Dongwoo, Bentham, Solar TII and others.

**Step 4. Select the required software**

The iDus requires at least one of the following software options:

**Solis for Spectroscopy**
A 32-bit and fully 64-bit enabled application for Windows (8, 8.1 and 10) offering rich functionality for data acquisition and processing. AndorBasic provides macro language control of data acquisition, processing, display and export. Control of Andor Kymera and Shamrock spectrographs and a very wide range of third party spectrographs is also available. see list in step 4 above.

**Andor SDK**
A software development kit that allows you to control the Andor range of cameras from your own application. Available as 32/64-bit libraries for Windows (8, 8.1 and 10) and Linux. Compatibile with C/C++, C#, Delphi, VB.NET, LabVIEW and Matlab.
Product Drawings

Dimensions in mm [inches]

Connecting to the iDus

Camera Control
Connector type: USB 2.0

TTL / Logic
Connector type: SMB, provided with SMB - BNC cable
1 = Fire (Output), 2 = External Trigger (Input), 3 = Shutter (Output)

I2C connector
Compatible with Fischer SC102A054-130
1 = Shutter (TTL), 2 = I2C Clock, 3 = I2C Data, 4 = +5 V, 5 = Ground

Minimum cable clearance required at rear of camera 90 mm

Have you found what you are looking for?

Need narrower sensor? The [Dus 401](#) series is similar to the 420 series with 26.6 x 3.3 mm format and 1024 x 127 pixels.

Need to work further into the NIR? The [Dus InGaAs](#) series, with up to 1024 pixel linear array with transmission to 2.2 µm.

Need a faster or more sensitive CCD? The [Newton](#) series offers over 1,600 spectra per second and EM technology.

Need a customized version? Please contact us to discuss our Customer Special Request options.

The iDus series combines seamlessly with Andor’s research grade Kymera and Shamrock Czerny-Turner spectrographs.
Our Cameras for Spectroscopy

Spectroscopy-based diagnostics in the fields of Material Science, Chemistry, Life Science or Fundamental Physics & Optics rely on the capture and analysis of optical and chemical signatures with a high degree of precision.

Andor’s range of detectors offer a wide range of sensitivity, time-resolution and sensor formats to best suit specific experimental conditions from UV to SWIR, nanosecond to hours time resolution, high photon flux to single photon with super dynamic range and resolution.

**High Sensitivity & Dynamic Range**

- Long exposure
- High sensitivity UV-SWIR
- Large pixel well depths
- High resolution matrix

iDus CCD & InGaAs | Newton CCD & EM

**ns to µs Time-Resolution**

- Nanosecond gating
- High sensitivity down to single photon
- On-head DDG with ps accuracy

iStar CCD & sCMOS

**kHz Spectral Rates**

- µs to ms time-resolution
- High sensitivity down to single photon
- High resolution matrix

Newton CCD & EMCCD | iXon EMCCD | Zyla sCMOS | Marana sCMOS

**Extended Multi-fibre Spectroscopy**

- Large area sensors
- Ultrafast sCMOS and EMCCD options
- High sensitivity down to single photon

iKon-M CCD | iXon EMCCD | Zyla sCMOS | Marana sCMOS | iStar CCD & sCMOS

Learn more about our detector range [here](#).

Learn more about our spectrograph solutions [here](#).
Order Today

Need more information? At Andor we are committed to finding the correct solution for you. With a dedicated team of technical advisors, we are able to offer you one-to-one guidance and technical support on all Andor products.

For a full listing of our local sales offices, please see: [andor.com/contact](http://andor.com/contact)

Our regional headquarters are:

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Fax +44 (28) 9031 0792

**Japan**
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Fax +81 (3) 6732 8939

**North America**
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Phone +1 (860) 290 9211
Fax +1 (860) 290 9566

**China**
Beijing
Phone +86 (10) 5884 7900
Fax +86 (10) 5884 7901

Footnotes: Specifications are subject to change without notice
1. Assembled in a state-of-the-art facility, Andor’s UltraVac™ vacuum process combines a permanent hermetic vacuum seal (no o-rings), with a stringent protocol and proprietary materials to minimize outgassing. Outgassing is the release of trapped gases that would otherwise degrade cooling performance and potentially cause sensor failure.
2. Figures are typical unless otherwise stated.
3. Edge pixels may exhibit a partial response.
4. Minimum temperatures listed are typical values with ambient temperature of 25°C.
5. Based on a Horizontal Pixel Readout of 100 kHz and a vertical pixel shift of 8 μs. Due to the nature of the Open Electrode sensor, the minimum Vertical Shift Speed (VSS) available is 32 μs, which will produce a lower maximum spectral rate compared to other models in the series.
6. Readout Noise is for the entire system. It is a combination of CCD readout noise and A/D noise. Measurement is for Single Pixel readout with the CCD at a temperature of -50°C (Bx-DD models tested at -80°C) and minimum exposure time under dark conditions.
7. Linearly is measured from a plot of counts vs exposure time under constant photon flux up to the saturation point of the system.
8. Vertical speeds are software selectable. All sensors are designed to give optimum Charge Transfer Efficiency (CTE) at 32 μs vertical pixel shift (32 μs for Open Electrode model), some decrease in CTE may be observed at faster shift speeds.
9. The graph shows typical dark current level as a function of temperature. The dark current measurement is averaged over the CCD area excluding any regions of blemishes.
10. Quantum efficiency of the sensor as supplied by the sensor manufacturer.

Items shipped with your camera:
1x 2 m BNC - SMB connection cable
1x 3 m USB 2.0 cable Type A to Type B
1x Set of hex keys (7/64" & 3/32")
1x Power supply with mains cable
1x Electronic copy of user guides
1x Individual system performance booklet
1x Electronic copy of Solis software or SDK (if ordered)

Regulatory Compliance
Compliant with the requirements of the EU EMC and LVD Directives, compliant with the international EMC and safety standards IEC 61326-1 and IEC 61010-1.

Minimum Computer Requirements:
- 3.0 GHz single core or 2.4 GHz multi core processor
- 2 GB RAM
- 100 MB free hard disc to install software (at least 1 GB recommended for data spooling)
- USB 2.0 High Speed Host Controller capable of sustained rate of 40 MB/s
- Windows (8, 8.1 and 10) or Linux

Power Requirements
- 100 - 240 VAC 50 - 60 Hz
- Power consumption: 42 W (max)

Operating and Storage Conditions
- Operating Temperature: 0°C to 30°C ambient
- Relative Humidity: < 70% (non-condensing)
- Storage Temperature: -25°C to 50°C

Windows is a registered trademark of Microsoft Corporation. Labview is a registered trademark of National Instruments. Matlab is a registered trademark of The MathWorks Inc.

SiDus416SS 0721 R1